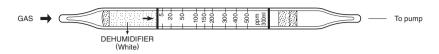
DIACETONE ALCOHOL



1. PERFORMANCE

1) Measuring range 10-250 ppmNumber of pump strokes $3(300\text{m}\ell)$

2) Sampling time : 4.5 minutes/3 pump strokes

3) Detectable limit \therefore 1 ppm 4) Shelf life \therefore 2 years 5) Operating temperature \therefore 10 \sim 40 °C

6) Temperature compensation : Necessary (See "TEMPERATURE CORRECTION TABLE")

7) Reading Graduations printed on the tube are calibrated by Ethyl cellosolve at 3 pump strokes and Diacetone alcohol concentration is determined by using a conversion chart.

8) Colour change : Yellow→Pale blue

2. RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION

RSD-low: 10% RSD-mid.: 5% RSD-high: 5%

3. CHEMICAL REACTION

Chromium oxide is reduced.

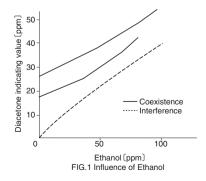
 $(CH_3)_2C(OH)CH_2COCH_3 + Cr^{6+} + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow Cr^{3+}$

4. CALIBRATION OF THE TUBE

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY

5. INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

Substance	Interference	Coexistence		
Alcohols FIG.1	Similar stain is produced.	Higher readings are given.		
Halogenated hydrocarbons	"			
Aliphatic hydrocarbons	Whole reagent is discoloured to Pale brown.	It the top of Pale blue stain is clear,the accuracy of readings is not affected.		
Aromatic hydrocarbons	"	"		
Esters	"	"		



TEMPERATURE CORRECTION TABLE

	Conver.	Corrected Concentration (ppm)							
	value (ppm)	10 °C (50 °F)	15 ℃ (59 °F)	20 °C (68 °F)	25 °C (77 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	35 ℃ (95 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)	
	250	_	380	250	170	130	90	70	
Ī	200	440	300	200	140	100	80	60	
Ī	150	330	210	150	110	80	60	50	
[100	200	130	100	80	60	40	30	
[50	80	60	50	40	30	20	16	
[30	50	40	30	23	18	12	8	
[10	16	14	10	8	6	4	3	

Diacetone alcohol (ppm)



No.190U Tube reading (ppm)